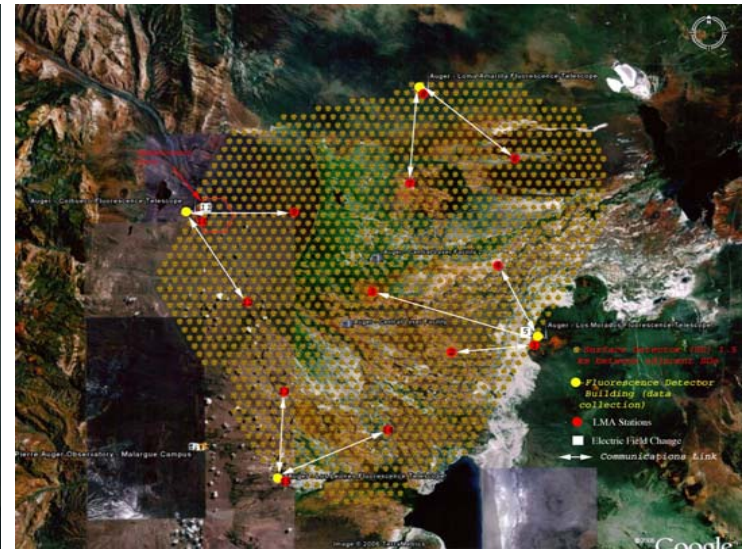


# The LASS project at the Pierre Auger observatory

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# LASS = Lightning Air Shower Study

## Goal: Lightning and Auger Measurements



Lightning above  
Los Leones  
telescope @ Auger

- Determine if there are space and time coincidences of initiated lightning discharges and air showers
- Provide a lightning database at Auger (Monitoring)
- Provide real-time alerts of lightning within 150 km to Auger

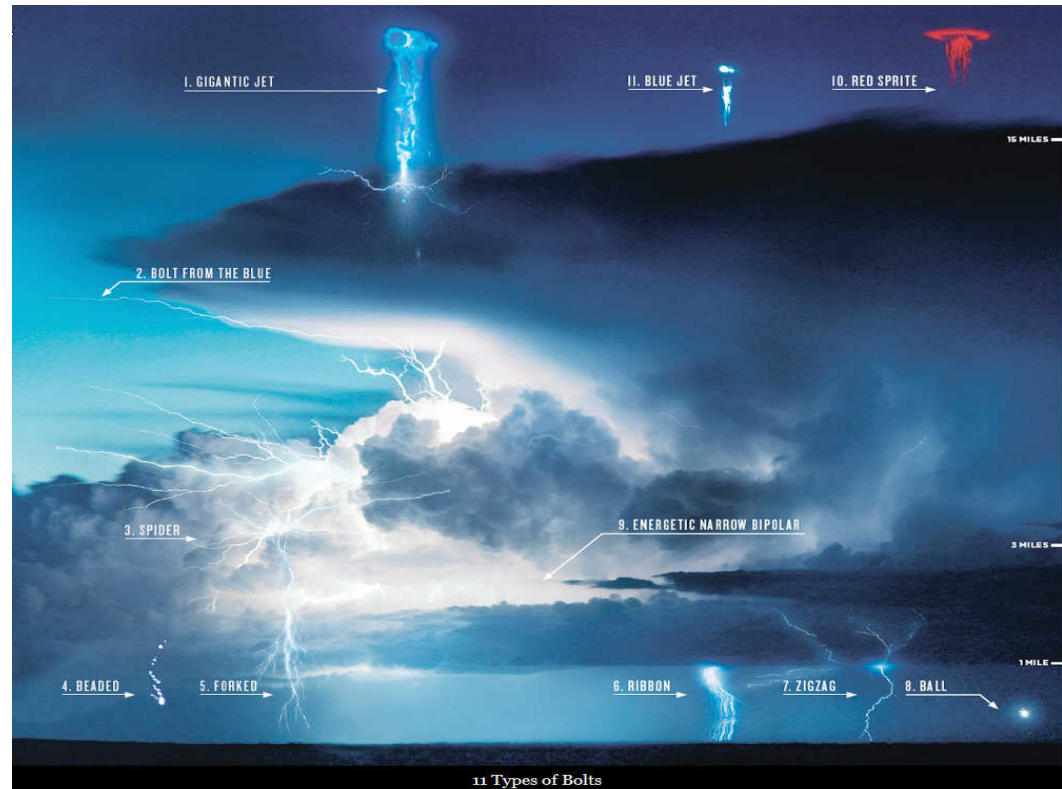
# Where does lightning occur?

- In thunderstorms
- In Snowstorms
- In Sandstorms
- In Clear Air
- Over Volcanoes
- Nuclear Detonations
- Jupiter
- Saturn



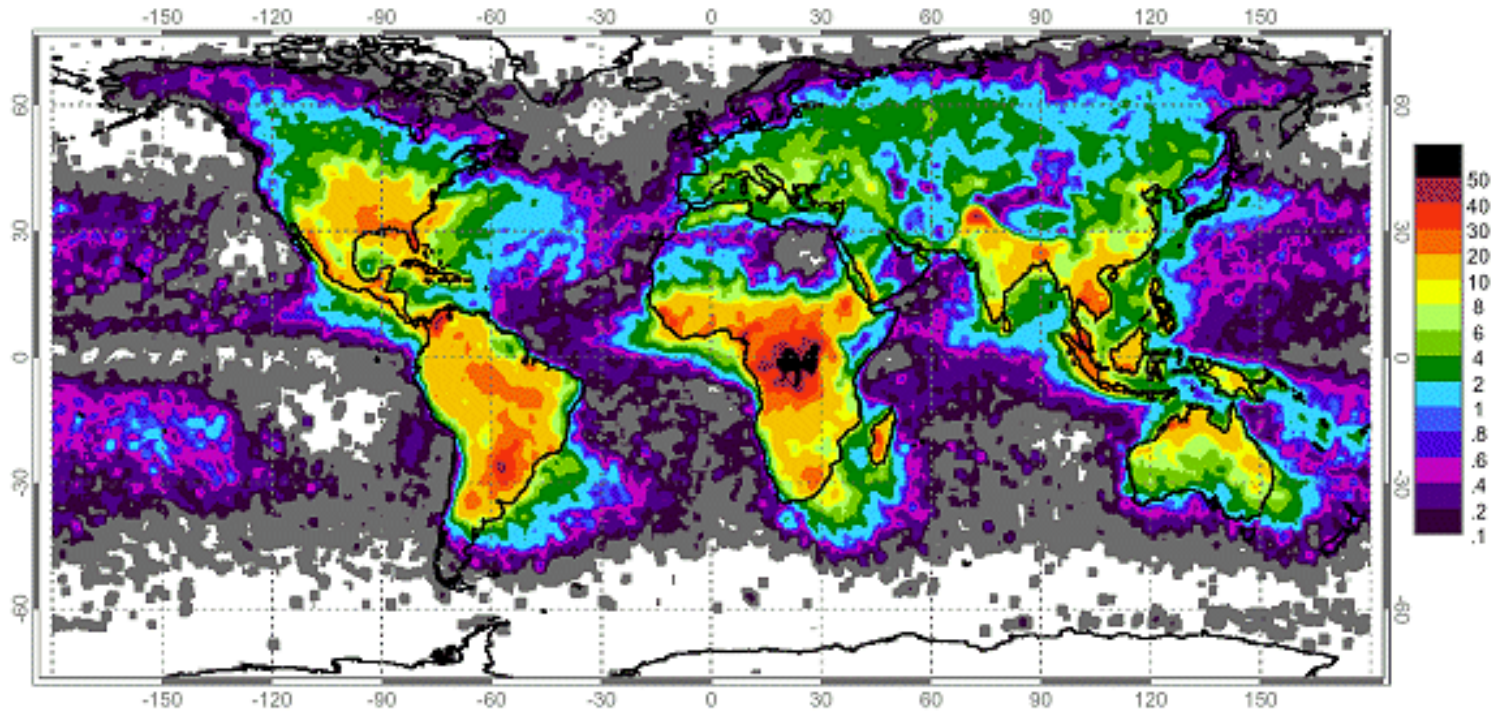
# What kinds of lightning in thunderclouds?

- Cloud to ground discharges
- Inter cloud discharges
- Intra cloud discharges
- “Bolts from the blue”
- Forked/Beaded lightning
- Ribbon/Sheet lightning
- Transient Luminous Events  
(Sprites, jets, elves, e.g.)
- Narrow Bipolar pulses
- Ball Lightning
- Hot lightning
- Cold lightning



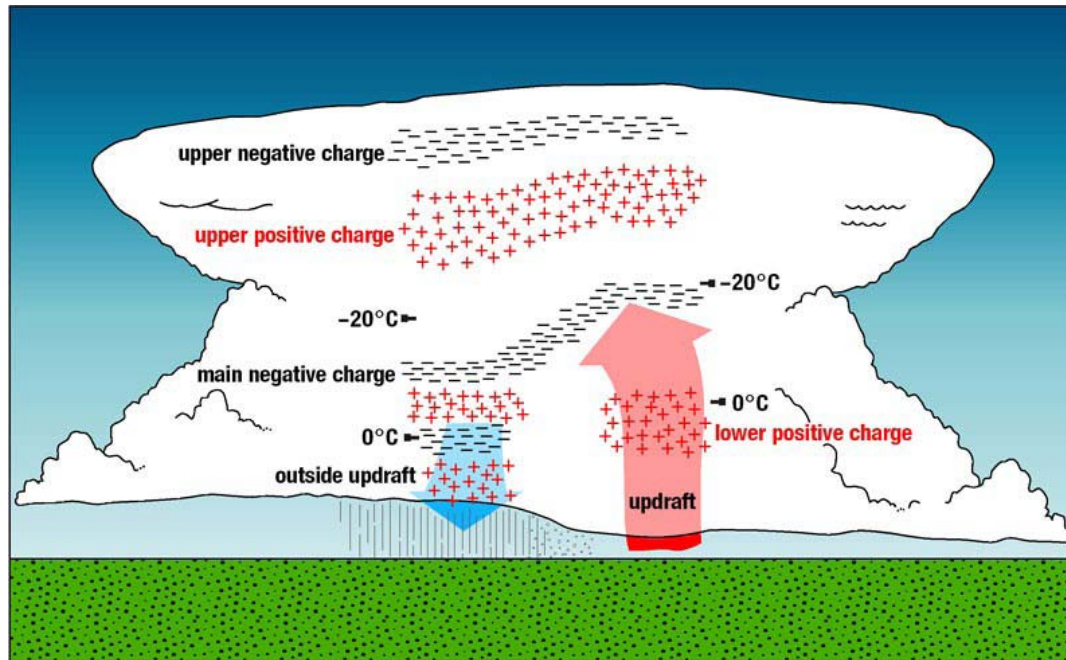
← All send radio signals!!

# Some lightning statistics



- 16 million lightning storms in the world every year
- Empire State building hit 23 times/year
- More lightning deaths per year than by other weather phenomena
- Commercial aircraft struck once every 5000-10,000 hours flight time

# Structure of a thundercloud



➔ Formed when cold, dense air is aloft of warm, moist air

-Warm, moist air rises in strong updrafts and the cold air descends

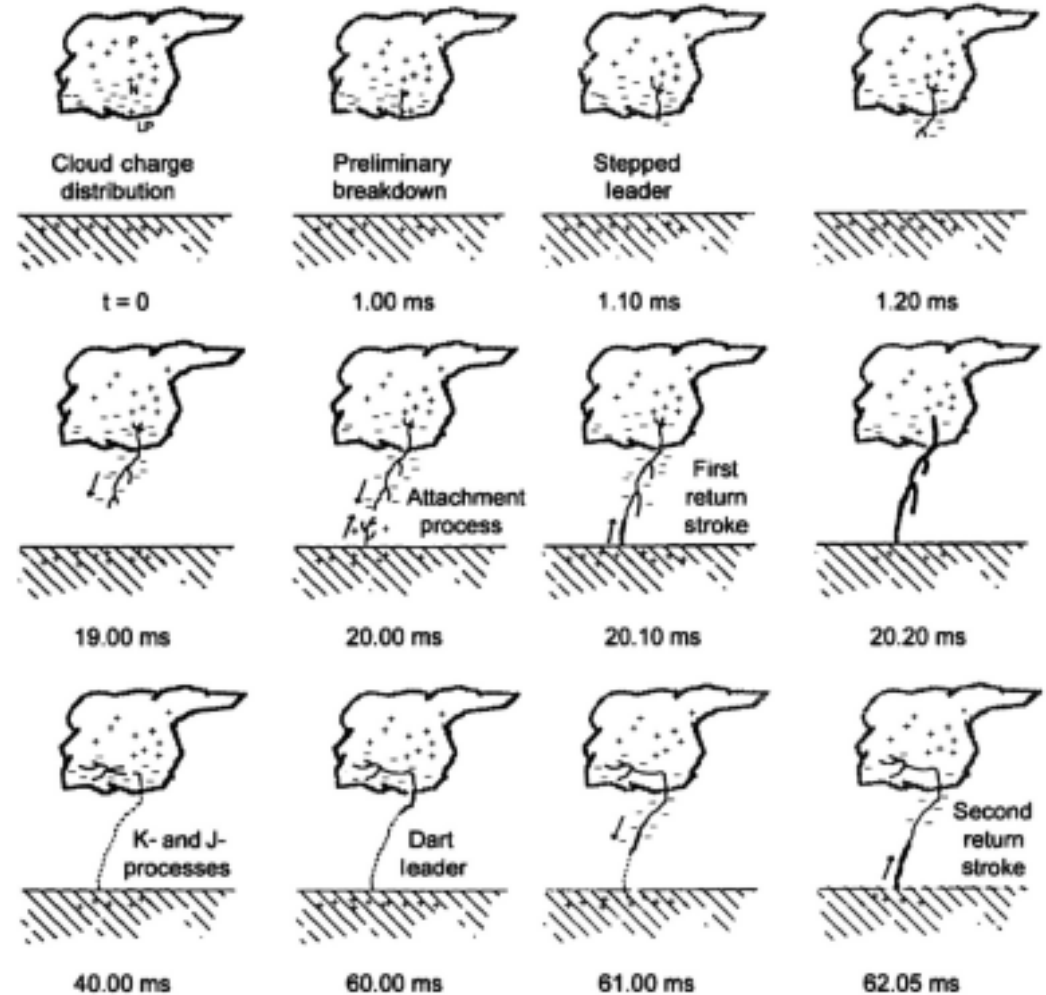
-It is thought that frictional forces between the rising water vapor and the descending ice crystals electrify clouds.

-Structure lasts 1-2 Hours

# Atmospheric discharges development of a lightning (standard theory)

→ Stepwise development  
of a lightning

→ Up to hundreds of  
milliseconds!



# Lightning = phenomenon still not fully understood

## ➤ Main problem: How lightnings are initiated?

- Di-elektric breakthrough of the atmosphere?

Problem: electric fields too small for classical breakthrough.

- Initated by high-energy cosmic particles?

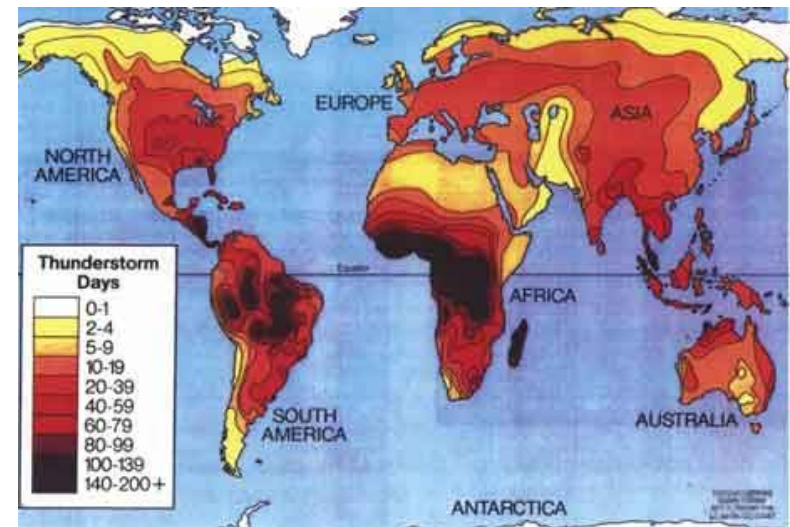
or better: large densities of electromagnetic particles in a strong E-field in thunderstorm clouds?

➔ Optical lightning observations

➔ Observations of E-fields

➔ Observations in radio

**Contrary to optical studies, with radio one can look into the clouds!**

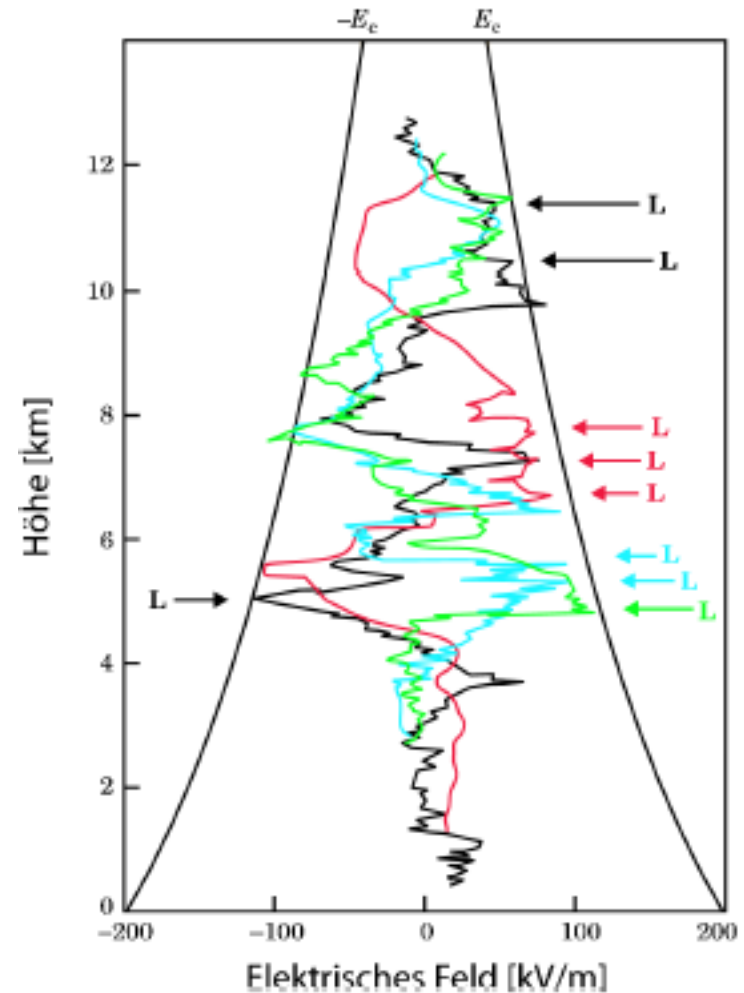


World distribution of lightning



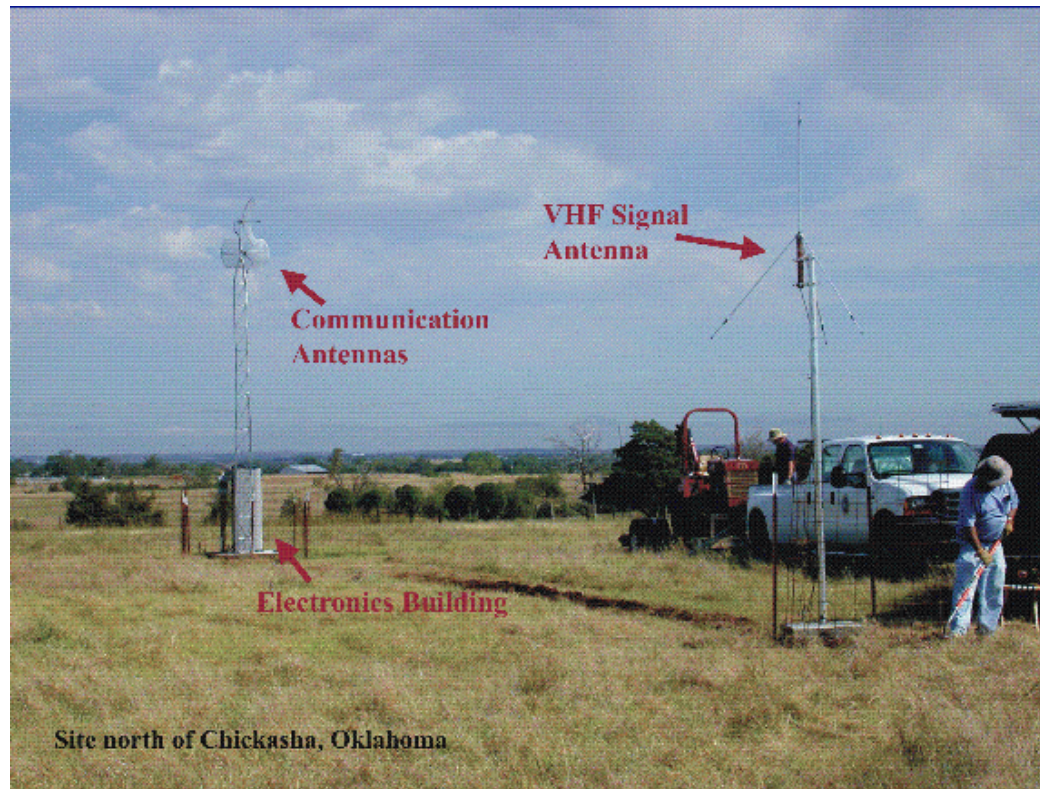
# Relativistic Runaway Breakdowns (RBB)

- Avalanche breakthroughs by large electric fields!
- Ionization losses are smaller than energy gain in electric fields → electron energy increases ( $\sim 100\text{MeV}$ ) → electrons again seed electrons → avalanche
- stepped leader (plot 3, last slide) could be RBB
- start of RBB (seed electrons) could be provided by EAS shower maximum
- theory: EAS provide seed electrons for RBB and each lightning need as initiation a RBB!! (not proved!)  
The flux of high energy cosmic rays ( $\sim 2\text{km}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  for  $10^{15}$  eV) is consistent with lightning frequency.



Balloon measurements in a thundercloud  
L= lightning!

# LASS approach: Lightning Mapping Array by Radio antennas

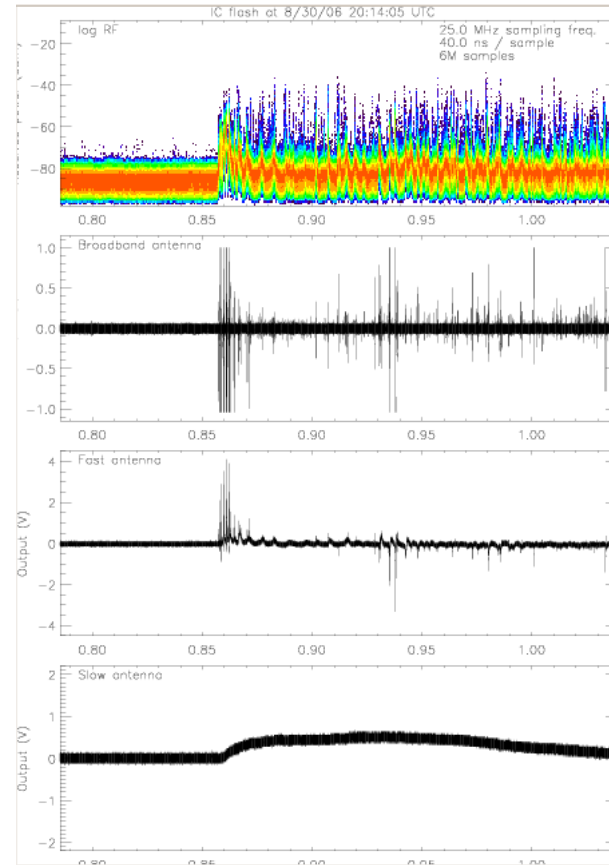
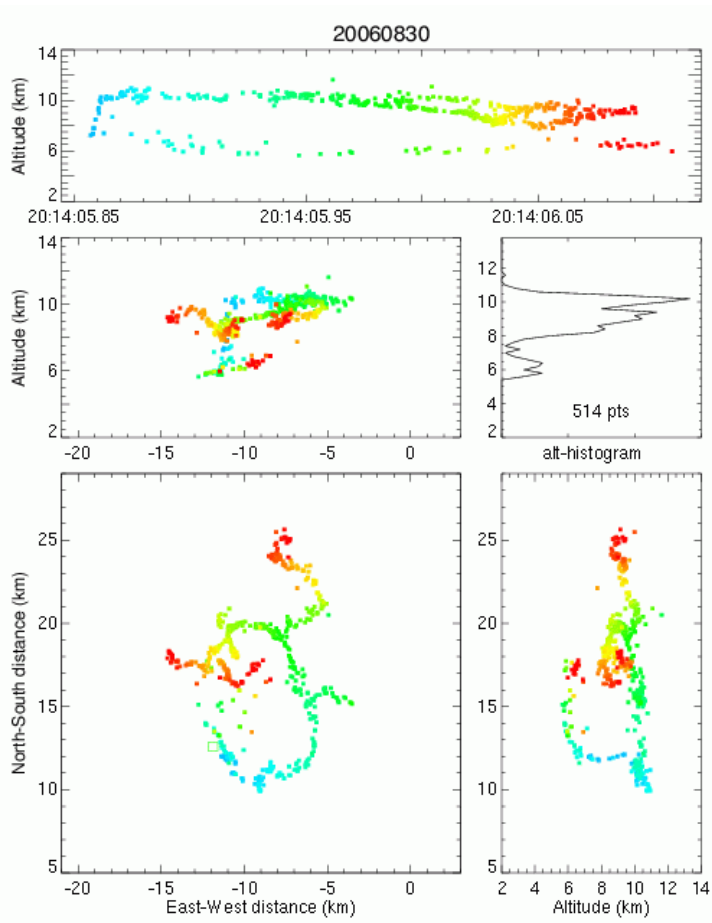


- **Array (ca. 30km diameter) with several LMA Stations**
  - unused TV frequency band (e.g. 60-66 MHz)
  - Detects peaks in radio in successive 80 $\mu$ s windows
  - <10m spatial resolution

(Paul Krehbiel)

# Lightning Mapping Array: Multi-Measures

(Paul Krehbiel)



← E-Field

← Broad band antenna

← „fast“ Antenna

← „slow“ Antenna

**Electric field and radio observation of a cloud-to-cloud lightning with a LMA  
 → Very good time and spatial resolution → mapping of the lightning**

# 1 LMA Station also in LOPES

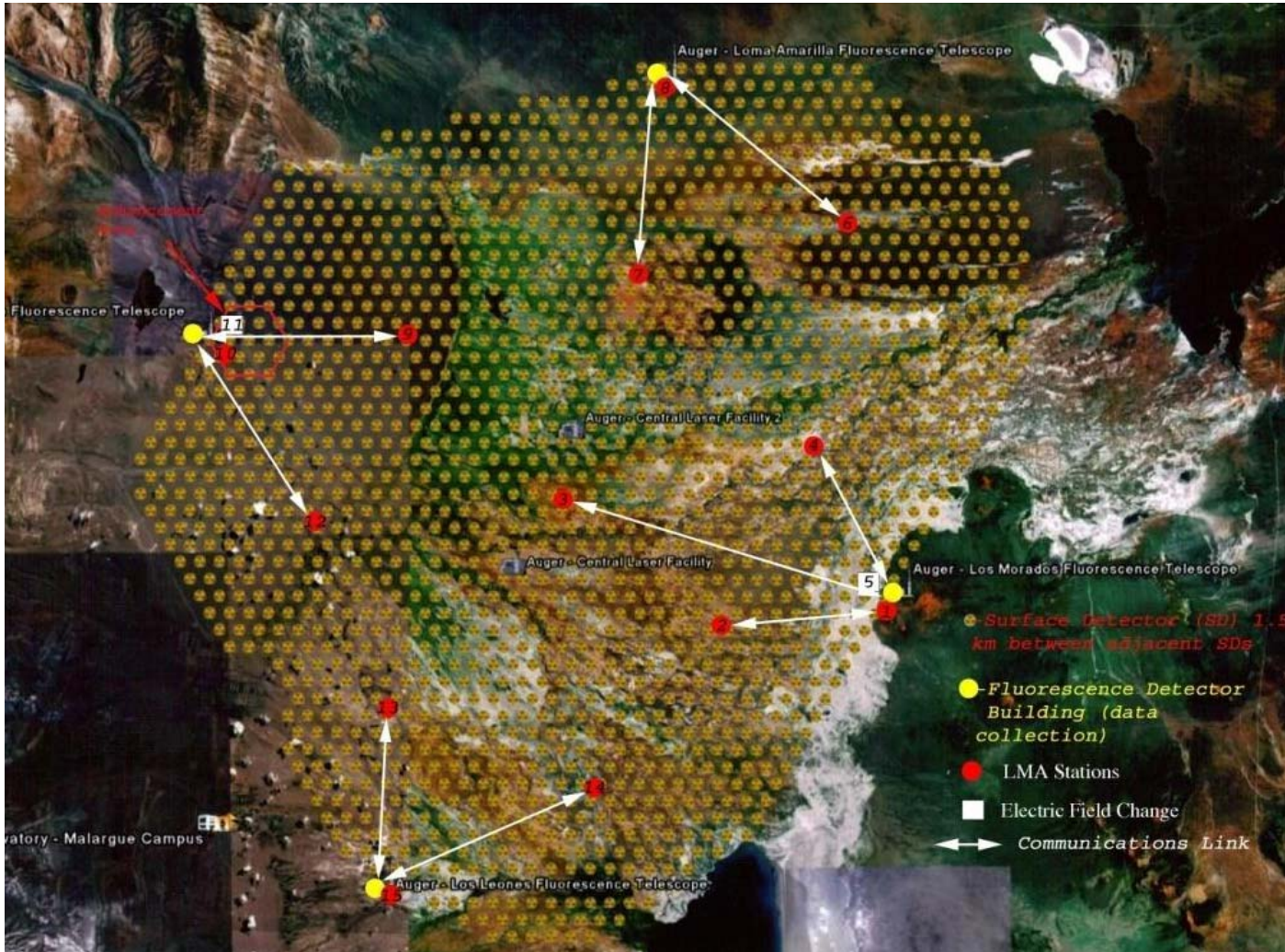
(Paul Krehbiel + LOPES)



→ **LMA and EAS- correlated measurement !!!**

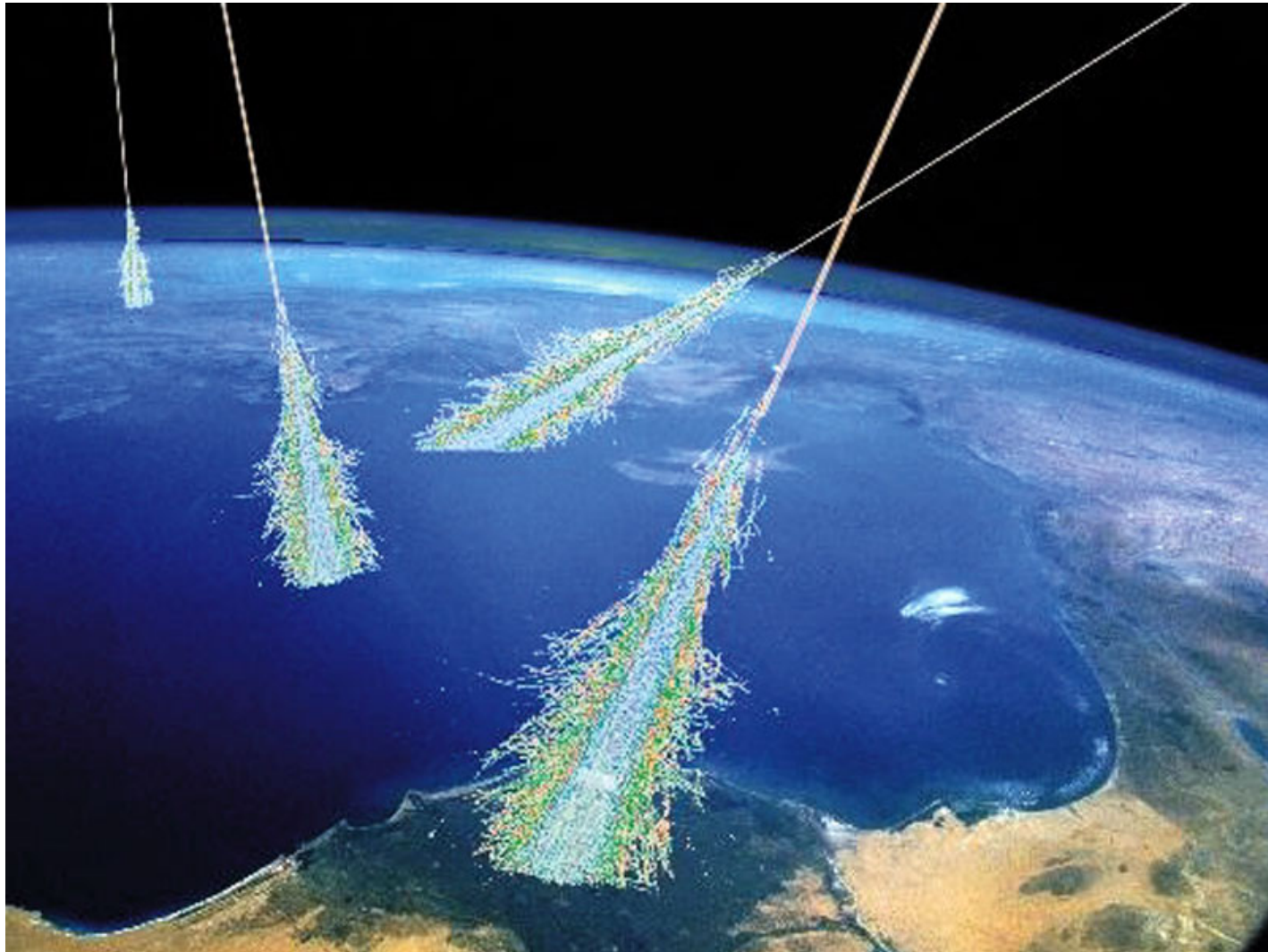
# LASS

## → Lightning detection system at the Pierre Auger Observatory

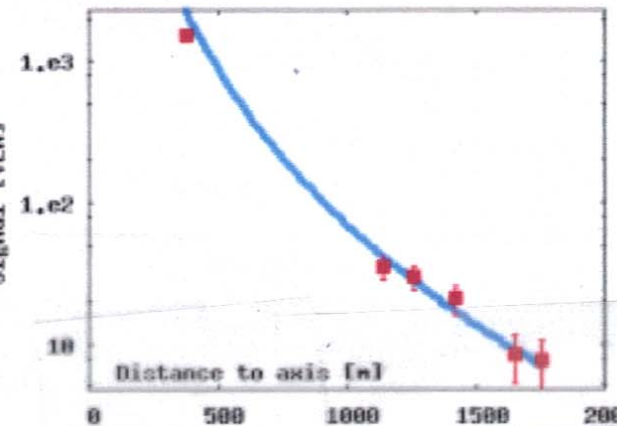
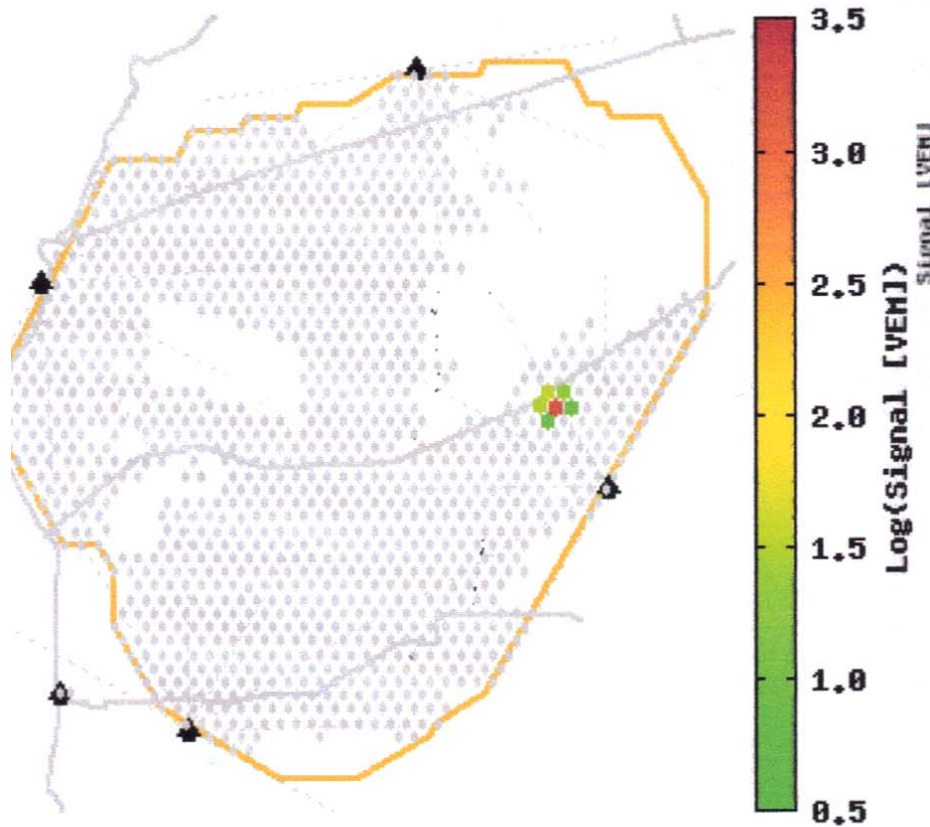


13 LMA stations  
2 E-field mills

# Cosmic Ray Showers

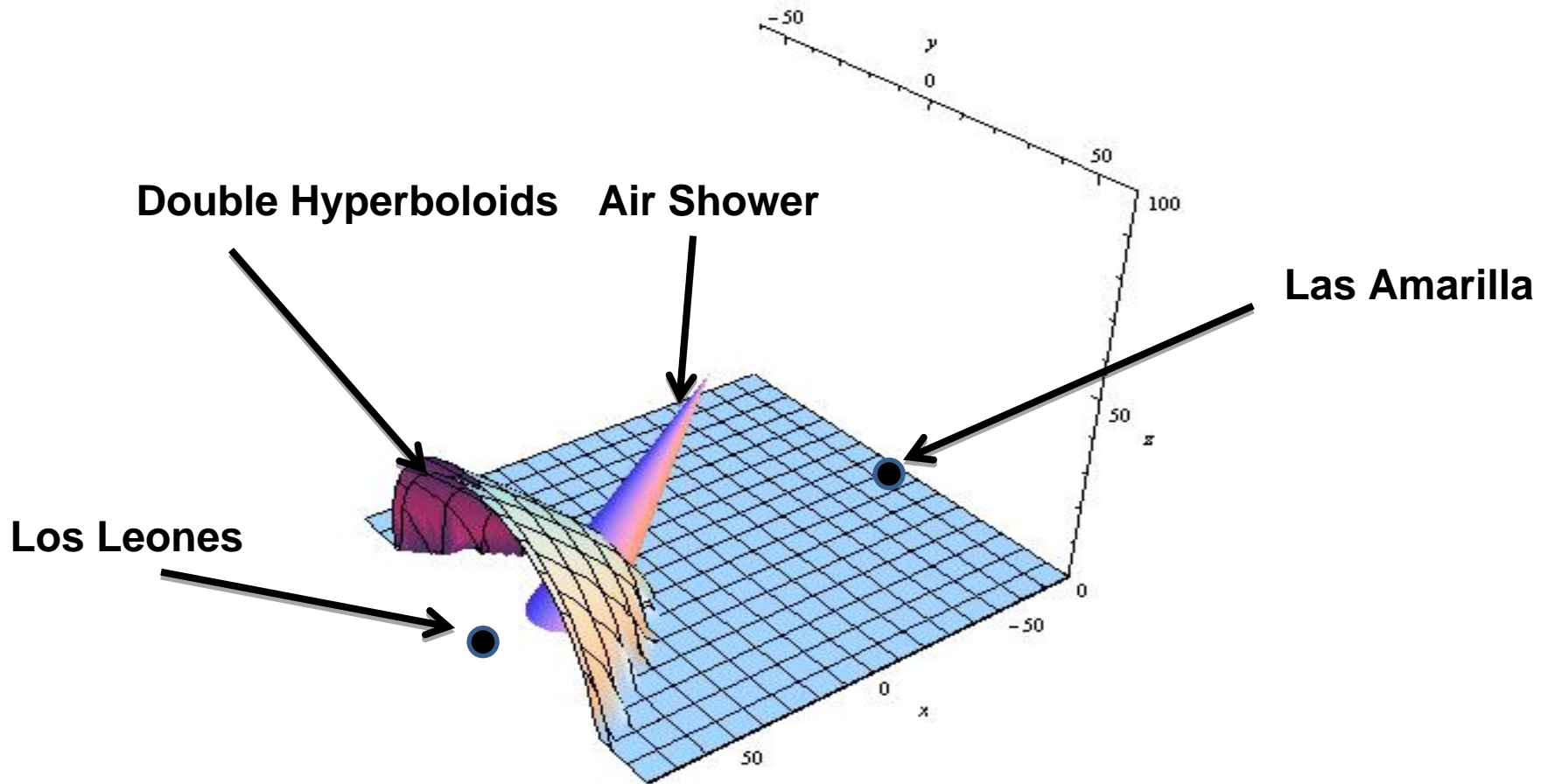


# Auger surface detector reconstruction



Generic Information	
Id / Date	3439200 / Tue May 15 05:22:44 2007
Nb. of stations	6
Energy	$11.4 \pm 0.9$ EeV
<u>Theta</u>	$7.5 \pm 0.4$ deg
<u>Phi</u>	$15.5 \pm 3.7$ deg
<u>Curvature</u>	$8.4 \pm 0.8$ km
Core <u>Easting</u>	$493874 \pm 37$ m
Core <u>Northing</u>	$6102515 \pm 33$ m
Reduced <u>Chi</u> <sup>2</sup>	1.78

Main goal of LASS: Cosmic Ray – lightning correlation  
 Way to analysis: Where a cosmic ray shower intersects  
 the uncertainty volume of 2 lightning detectors



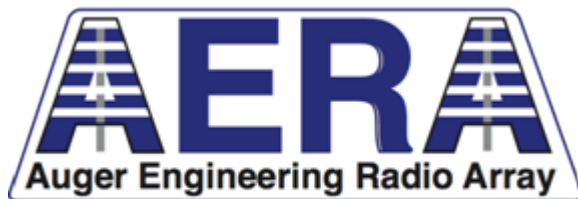
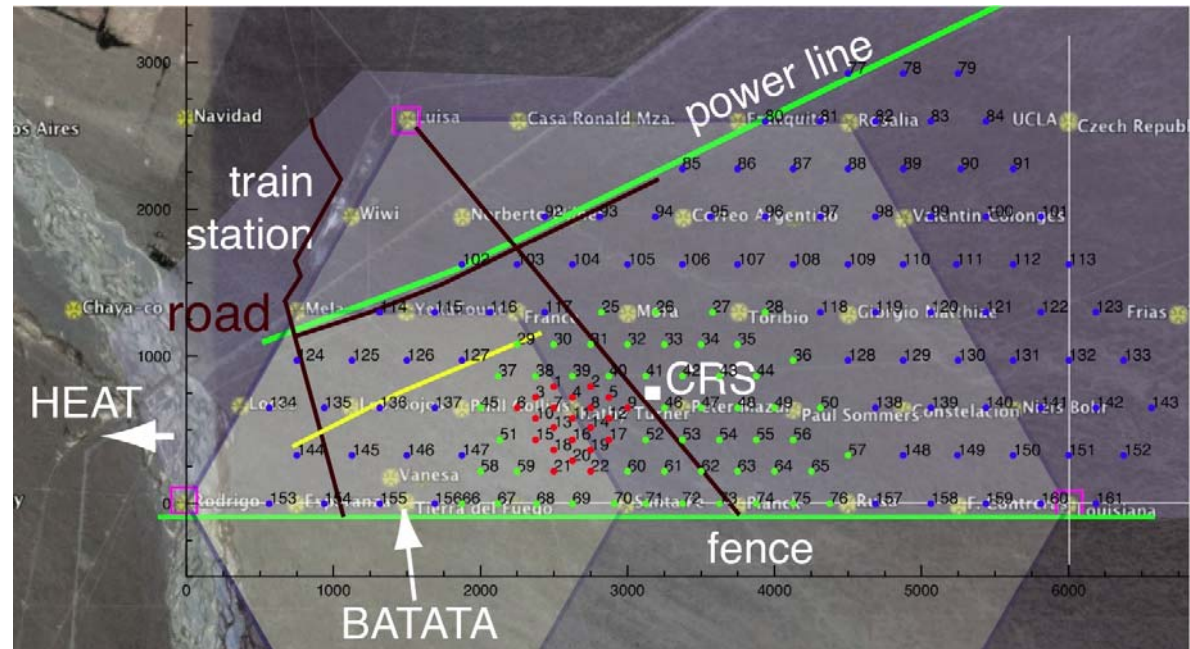


# Second goal of LASS: Study of effects of lightning to standard Auger measurements

## How lightning may affect Auger measurements:

- Flashes of broad-spectrum light
- X-Rays (200 keV) irradiating detectors
- Gamma Rays (20 MeV) irradiating detectors
- Radio emissions (ELF-VHF)
- Induced currents in circuits
- Damage to instrumentation by direct hits
- E-Fields of thunderstorms may alter the expected distribution of particles in air showers
- Decreased signal/noise ratio for radio detection
- ...

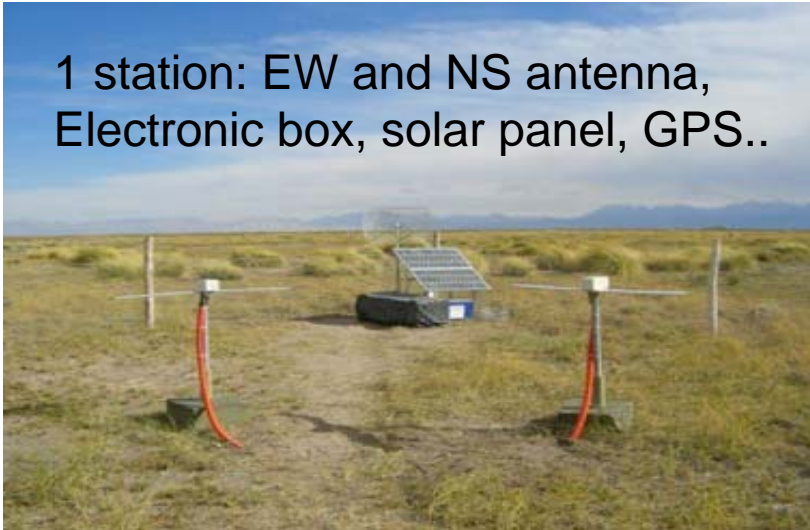
# Radio EAS-Detection at the Pierre Auger Observatory:



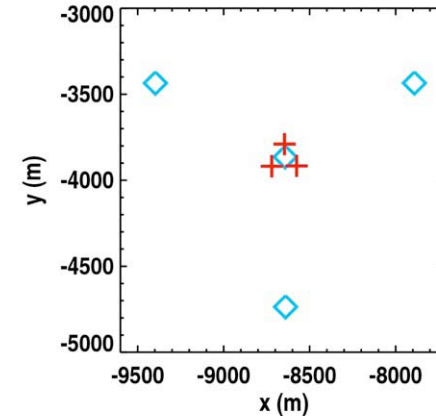
- Calibration of the EAS radio signal up to  $10^{19}$ eV.
- 2006-10 test measurements in Argentina
- Set-up of first AERA-Antenna in summer 2010
- Super-Hybrid (particles, fluorescence, radio) - measurements

# Radio EAS-Detection at the Pierre Auger Observatory: Test-Setup RAuger

1 station: EW and NS antenna,  
Electronic box, solar panel, GPS..

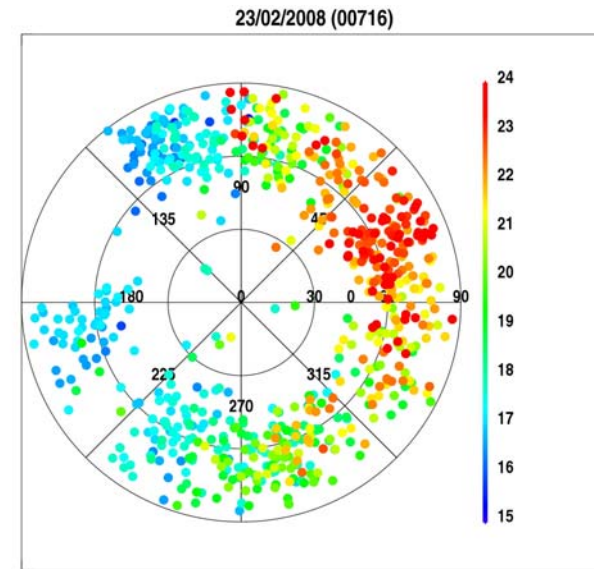
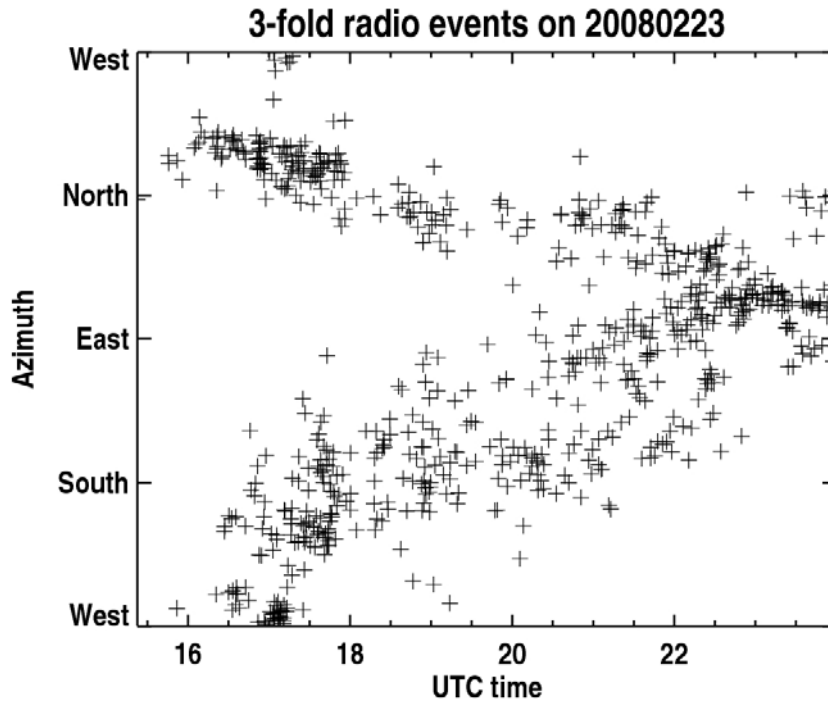


3 stations in center of SD-triangle  
1 additional infill tank



- **Three antenna stations around SD tank**
- **Each station selftriggered (simple threshold)**
- **Three-fold events correlated with SD analysis**
- **See threefold events also from lightning**
- **Direction analysis possible with three-fold events**

# RAuger: data of one remarkable thunderstorm day!

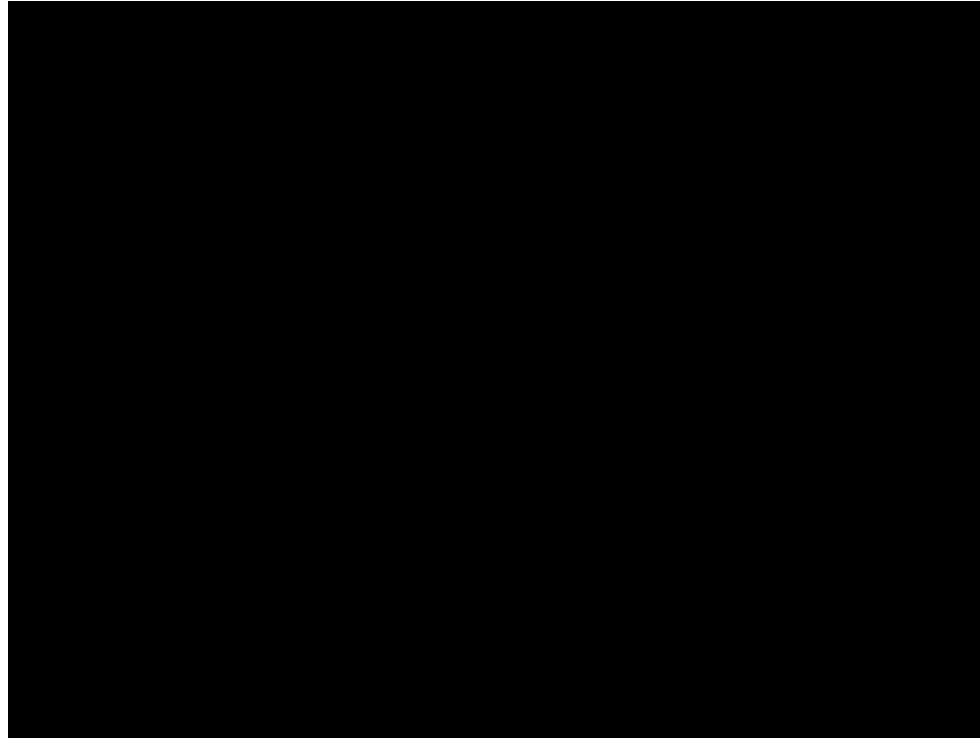


Color code:  
time

- Time distribution and Skymap of direction of three-fold events (all lightnings)
- 2 clouds merge

# SD – thunderstorm Pierre Auger Observatory: movie of passing a thunderstorm cloud the SD particle detectors

-SD scaler mode  
-cloud from  
lower left to upper  
right corner



- **Slow increase of particles at the tanks before cloud!**
- **Abrupt decrease behind the cloud!**
- **Explanation?**

# LASS: goals and how to follow:

- **Determination, if there is a causal connection between cosmic rays and lightning initiation**

**Search for time and spatial correlations between lightning and EAS**

- **Study of effects of strong electric fields to the radio emission of EAS**

**Monitoring AERA measurements und correlation AERA-LASS measurements**

- **Study, if strong E-fields, lightning or thunderstorms affect the particle component of EAS**

**Correlation of LASS with SD measurements**

- **Investigations, if far distant thunderstorms affects the fluorescence measurements**

**Correlation of LASS with FD measurements**

# LASS = Lightning Air Shower Study

## → Status:

- **2009: LASS agreement by the Auger Kollaboration**
- **2010: Installation of first two LMA stations**
- **2010: Funding applications**
- **2011-12: Installation**

## → Participating groups:

- **Colorado State University (CSU), Pueblo, USA, W.Brown (PI, Auger)**
- **New Mexico Tech (NMT), USA, P.Krehbiel (LMA-expert, non-Augur)**
- **Florida Institute of Technology, USA, J.Dwyer (lightning-expert, non-Augur)**
- **Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, A.Haungs (Contact AERA)**
- **Auger Atmospheric Task group**
- **Auger Exotic Physics Task group**